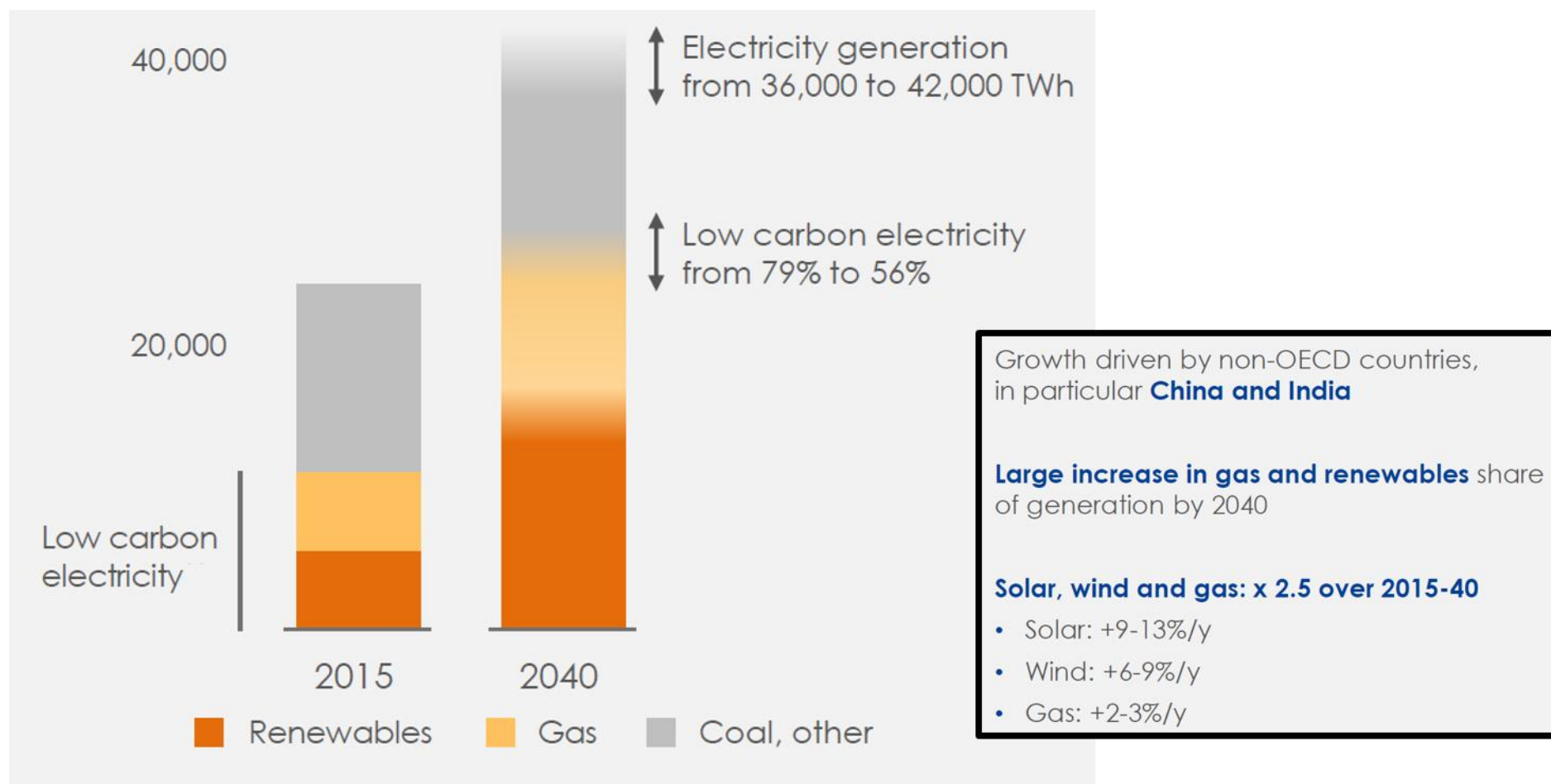


Économie de l'hydrogène

Quelle place pour le Québec ?

Philippe A. Tanguy
Polytechnique Montreal

Global Electricity Demand (in TWh)



Ensuring the Security of Supply

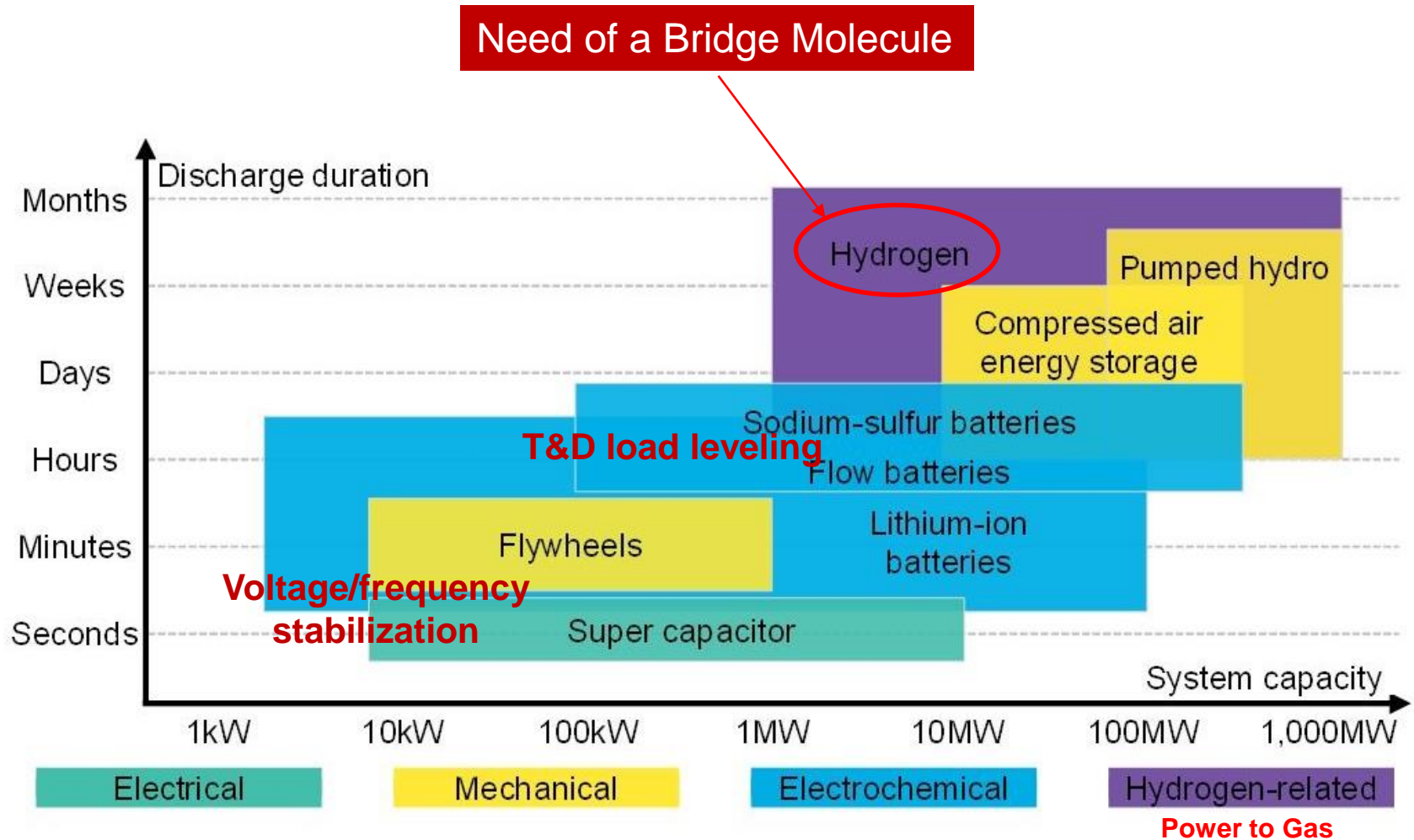


Buffering capacity: 15-20%



?

Electricity Storage Solutions



Bloomberg 2017

Power to X

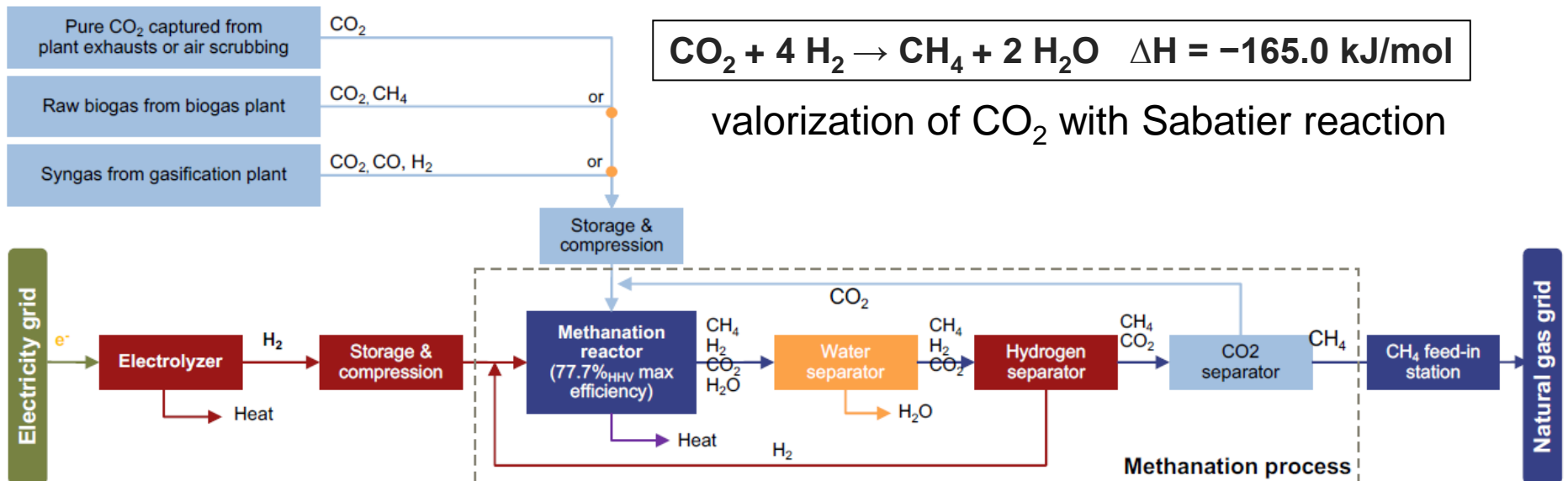
Power to Heat

- Use of RE as energy source to upgrade heat and steam
- Heat pumps, combined heat and cold storage

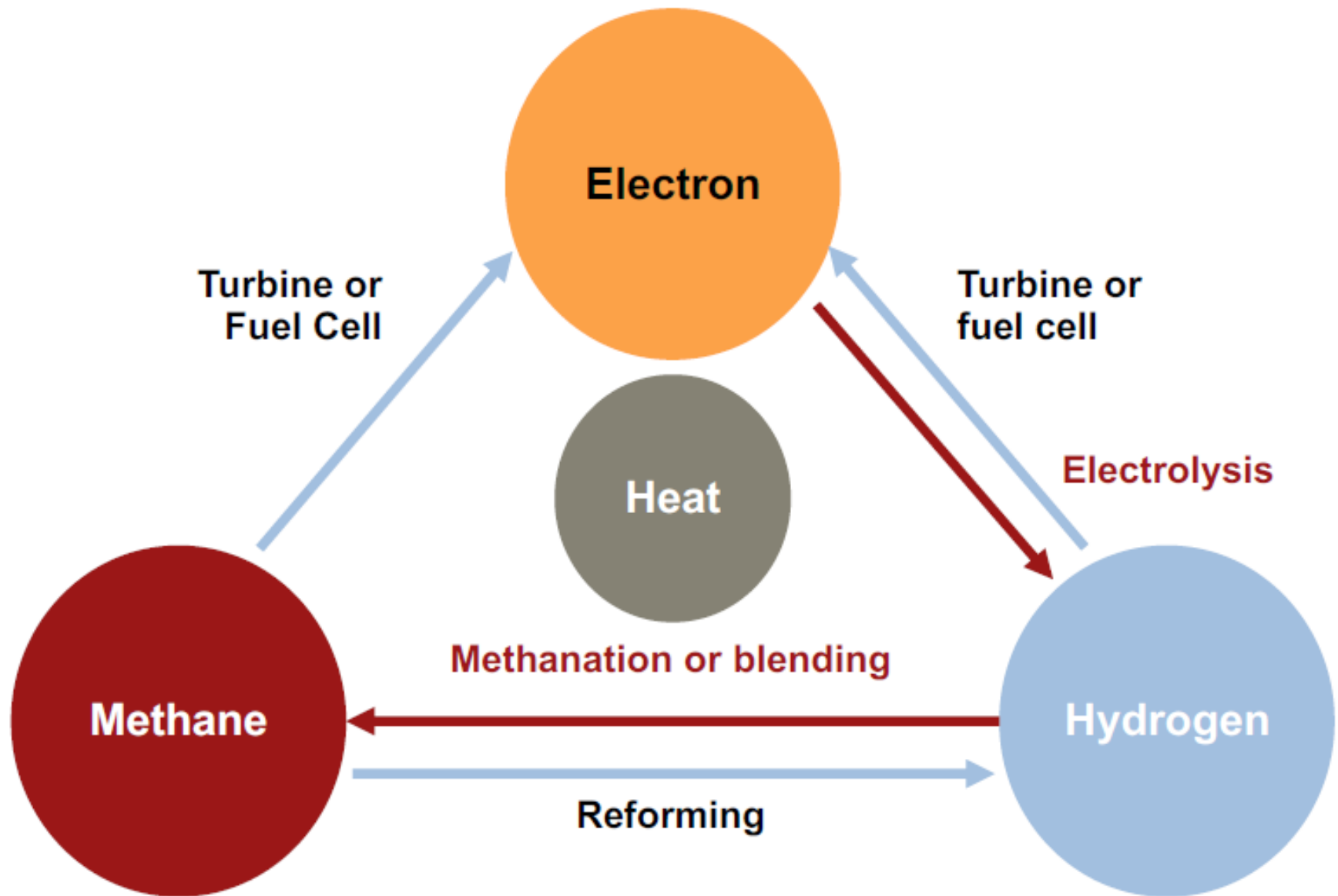
Power to Chemicals

- Use of RE as energy source for conversion of raw materials to chemicals and fuels
- Use of renewable raw materials as feedstock for chemical production, eg. biogas, biofuels, etc.

Power to Gas: H₂ or Methanation



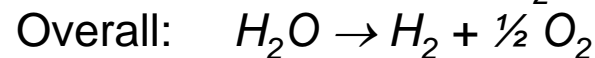
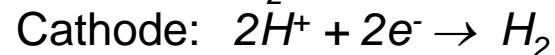
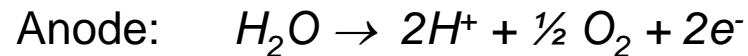
Pathways between Energy Carriers



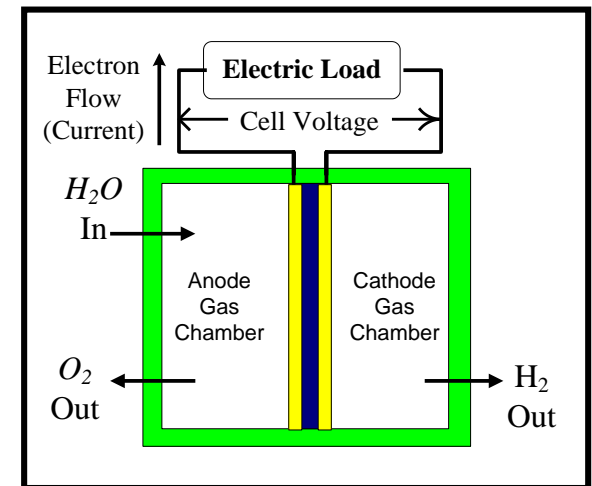
Power to H₂ - Water Electrolysis

- Electrolysis of water is the decomposition of water (H₂O) into oxygen (O₂) and hydrogen gas (H₂) due to an electric current being passed through the water.

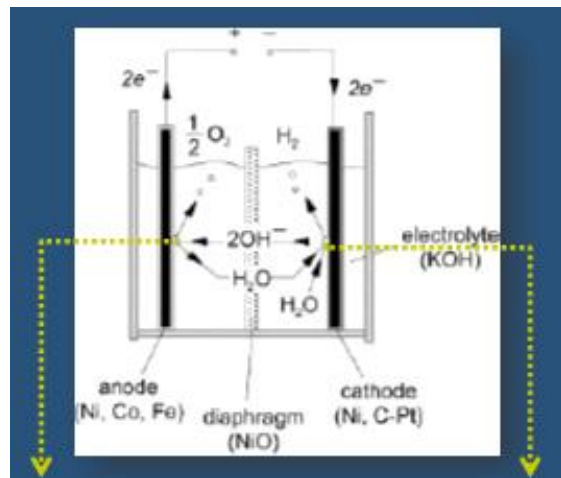
The electrolyzer reactions are:



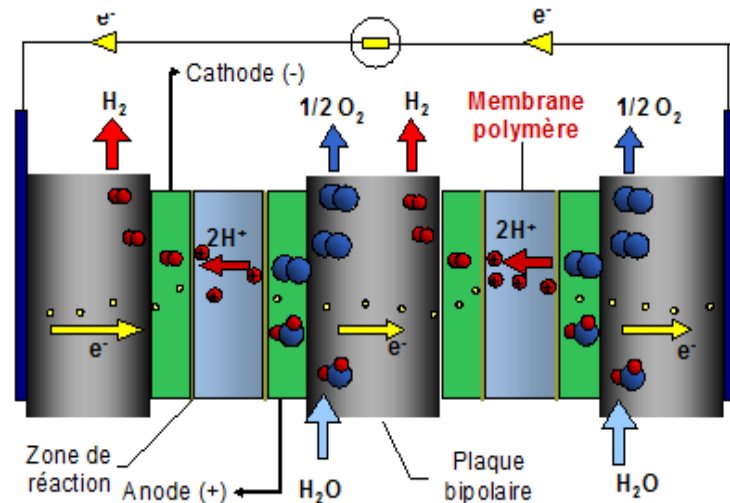
Flow Diagram for Electrolyzer



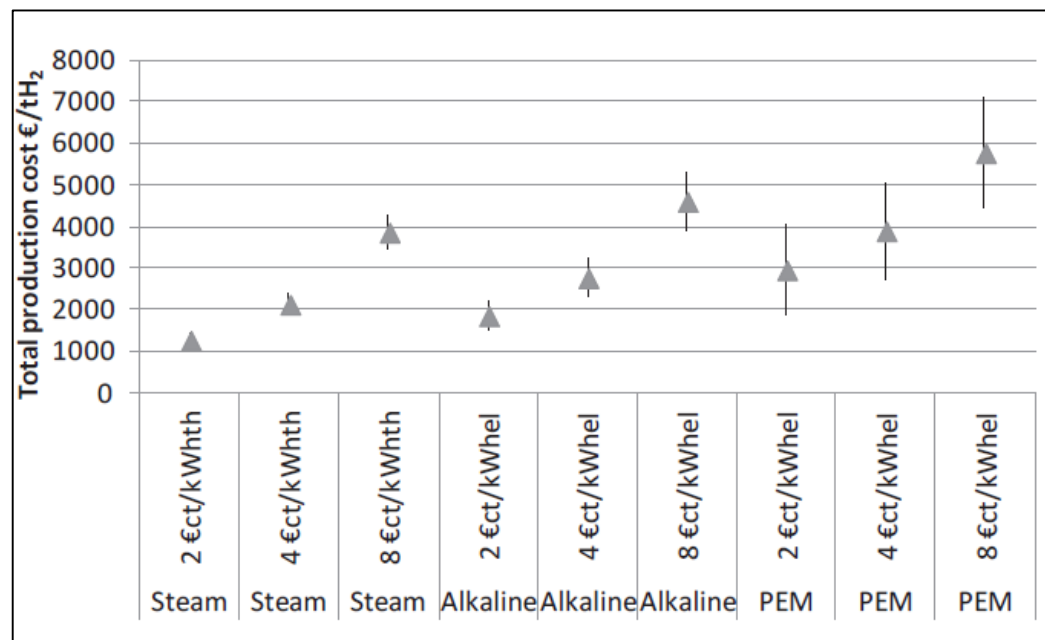
H₂ Production Costs



Alkaline



PEM



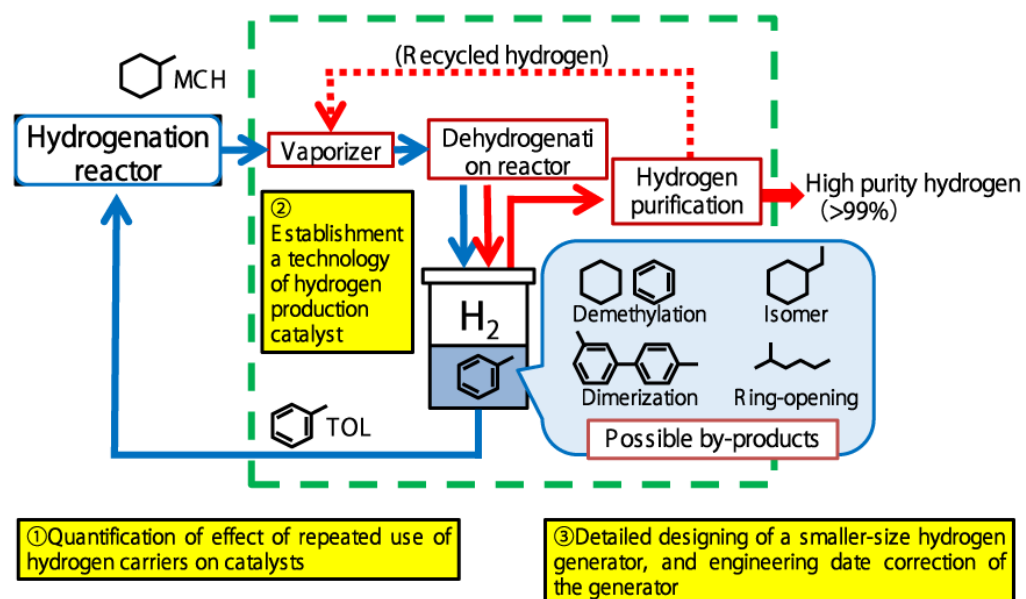
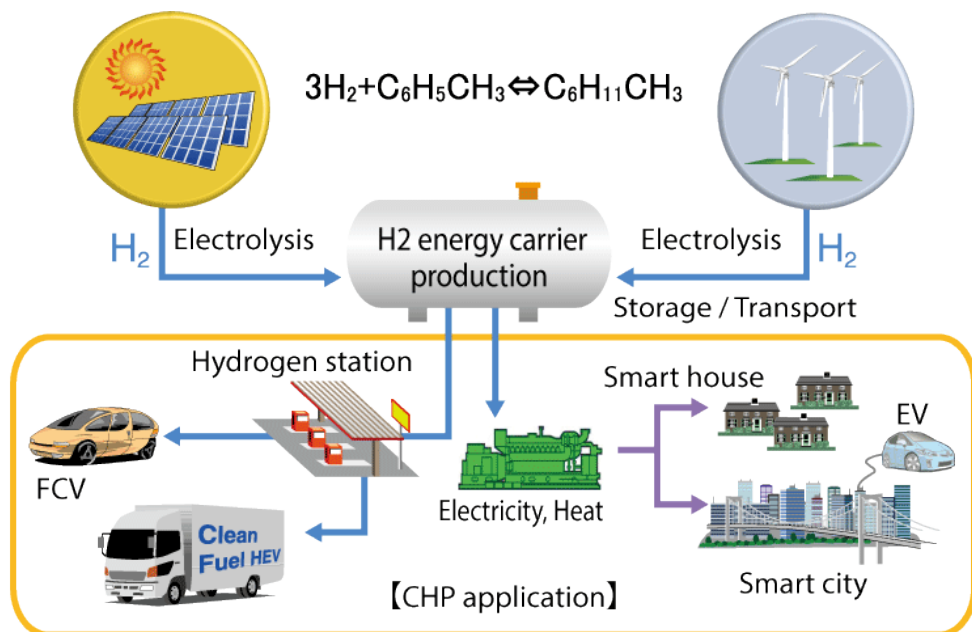
Storage & Transport of H₂

- Gas
 - Horizontal or vertical cylinder vessel @ 50 – 900 bar
 - Typically, 160 kg @ 200 bar
 - Delivery by trucks (pipeline possible @ 40-70 bar)
 - Can be stored in underground salt cavern
- Liquid
 - Cryogenic vertical tank @ -253°C and P_{atm}
 - Typically, 600 kg
 - Boil-off is an issue for long-term storage
- Solid
 - Storage by adsorption-desorption on a metal hydride
e.g. Mg Hydride



Storage & Transport of H₂ - Chemical Carriers

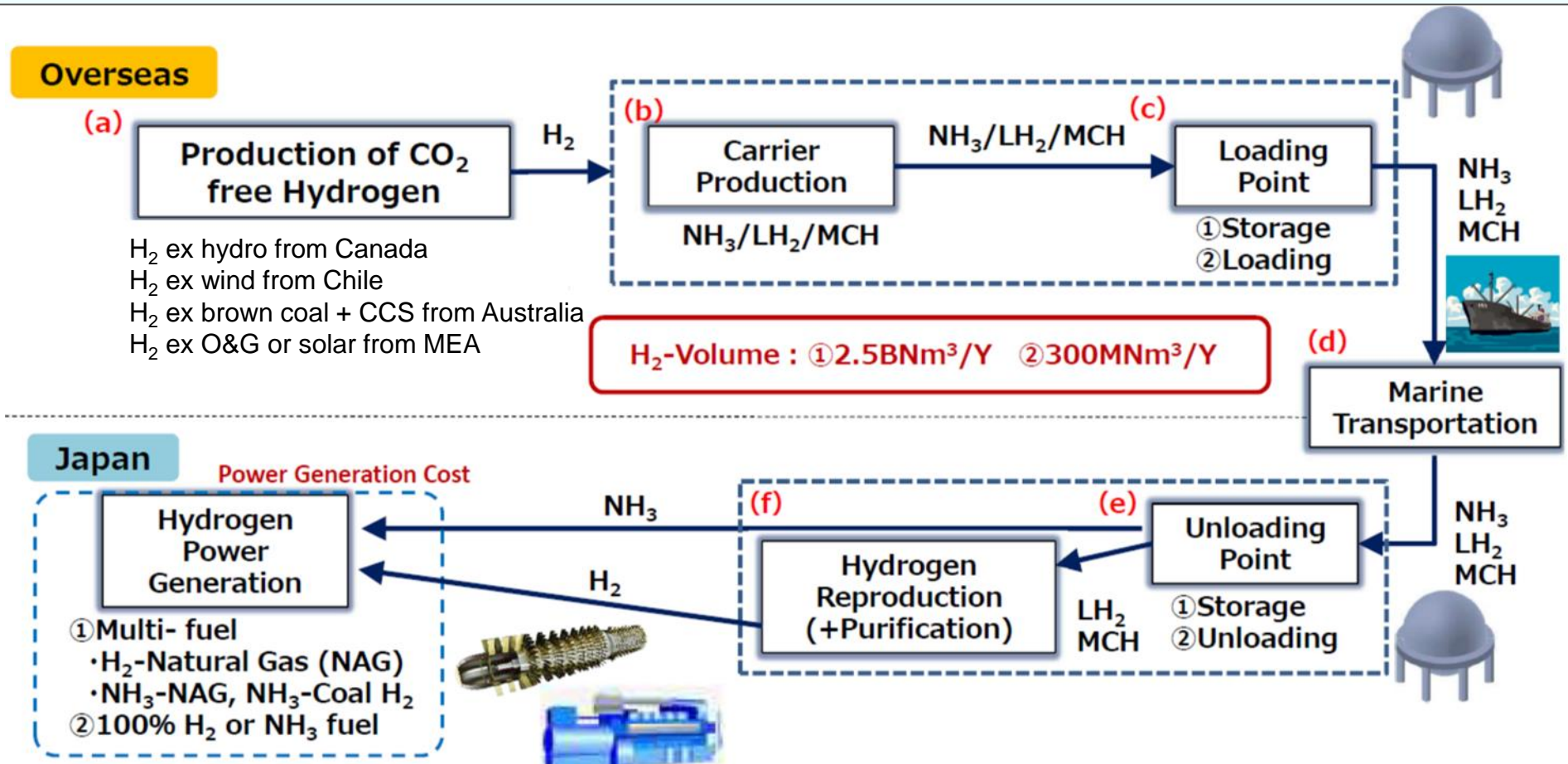
- Chemical
 - MCH



Sources: Chiyoda and JXTG Nippon Oil and Energy

- NH₃ route - Haber-Bosch technology $3\text{H}_2 + \text{N}_2 = 2\text{NH}_3$ (400 C, 200 bar, Fe catalysis)
- Compounds of NH₃
- MetOH, DME, Formic Acid

Japan H₂ Supply Model



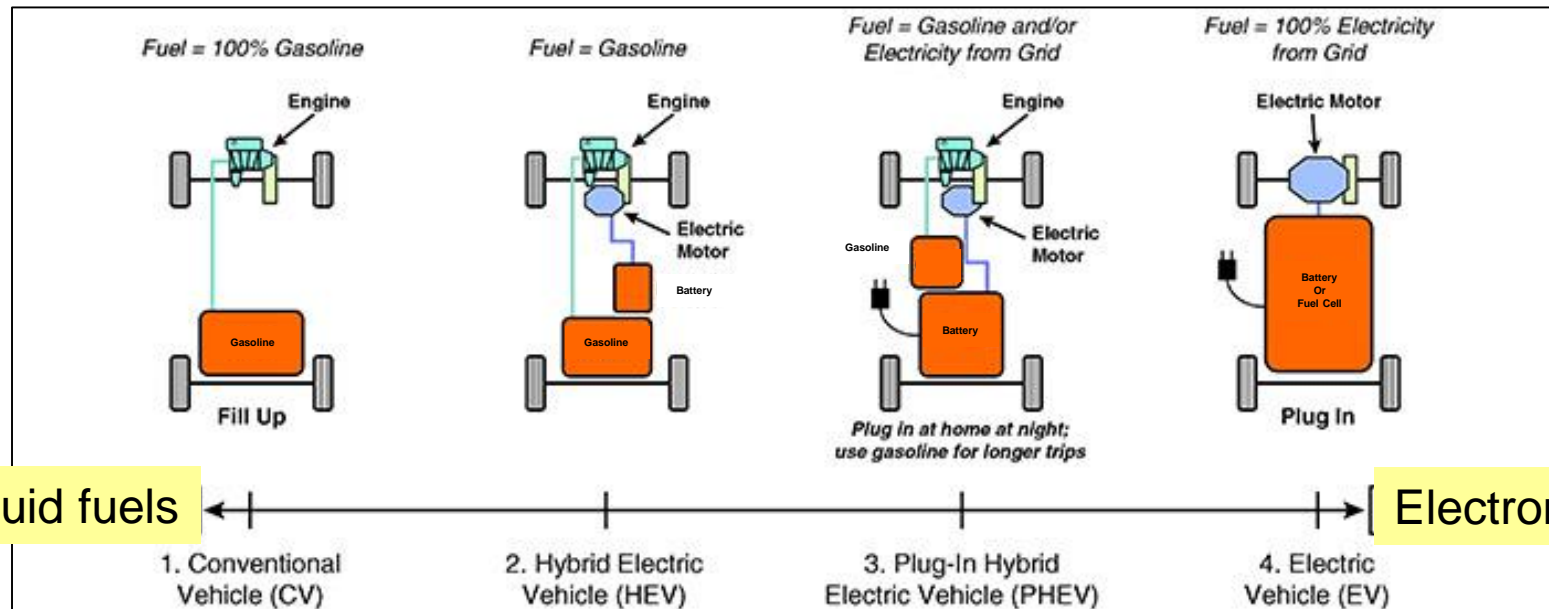
MetOH is also an option

Muraki 2017

- NH₃ can be co-fired with coal in flame-based power plant – Up to 20%
- NH₃ in a gas turbine, pure or mixed with NG (Tohoku univ.) – NO_x emissions can be controlled.
- NH₃ can be used as a feed for high temperature solid oxide fuel cells (Kyoto univ.)

Decarbonizing Mobility

$$[T]CO_2 = \underbrace{[T]CO_2}_{\text{Emissions from the transport sector}} = \underbrace{[T]energy}_{\text{Carbon intensity of energy}} \times \underbrace{\frac{[T]energy}{\text{kilometers}}}_{\text{Energy intensity per kilometer}} \times \underbrace{\frac{\text{kilometers}}{\text{vehicles}}}_{\text{Average distance travelled per vehicle}} \times \underbrace{\text{vehicles}}_{\text{Global fleet of vehicles}}$$



Electrical Mobility: Recharging or Refuelling?

Core technology for Electrified vehicles



Power Control Unit

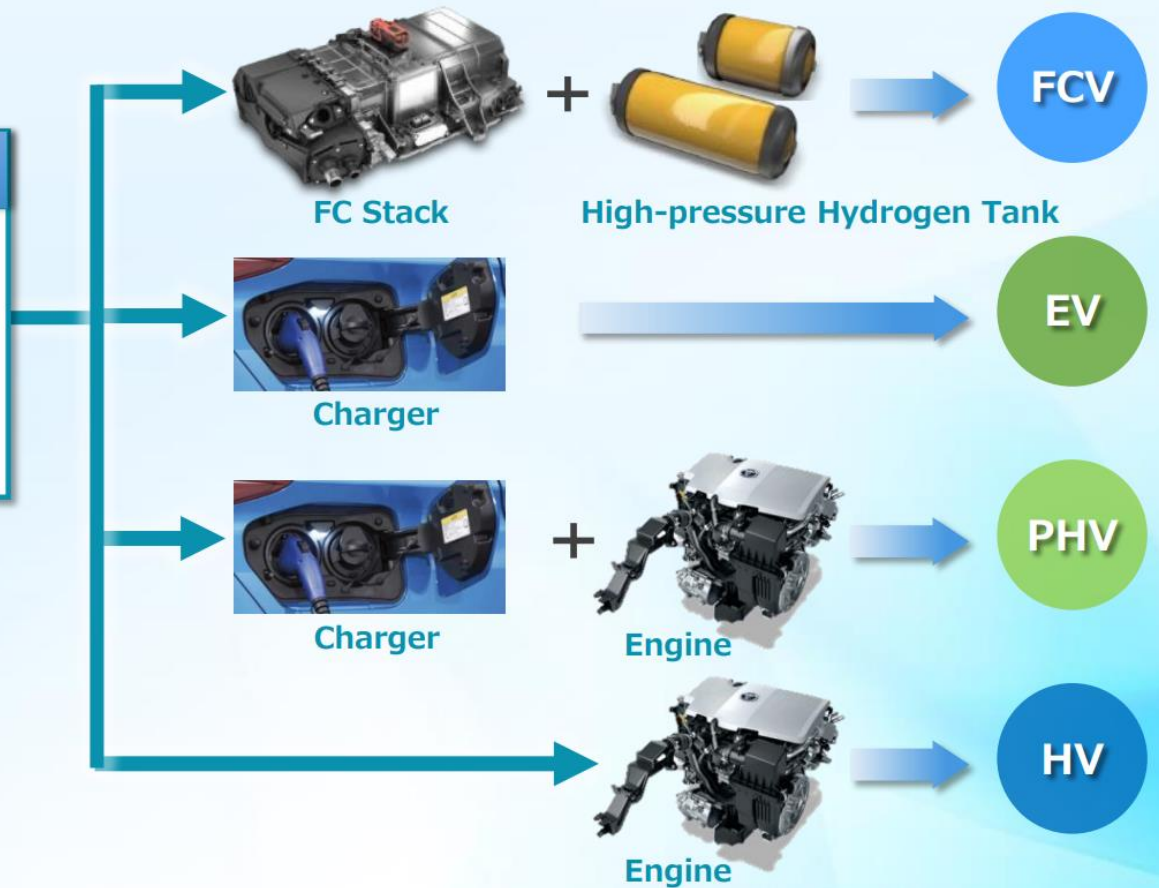


Motor

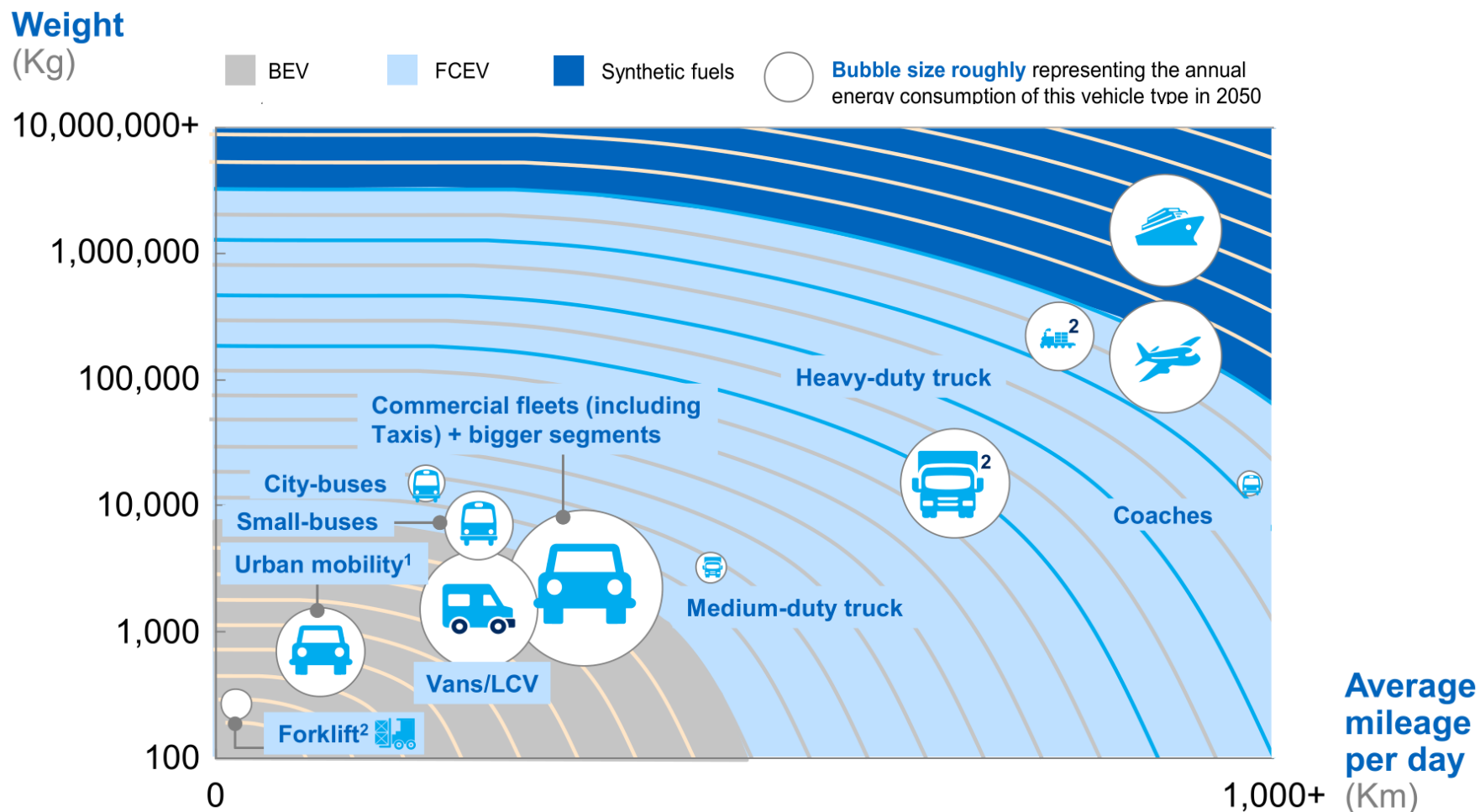


Battery

+



Battery and Fuel Cell Electrical Vehicles

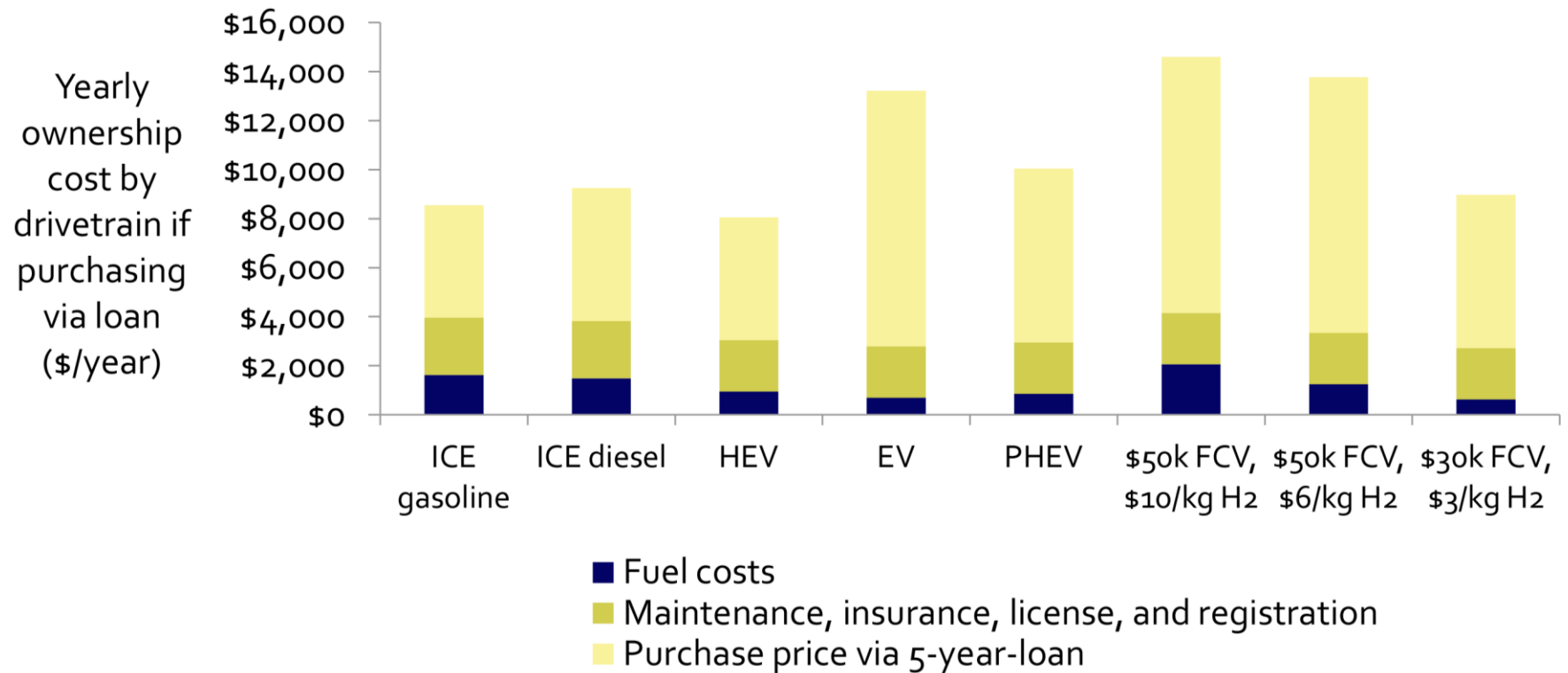


¹ Battery-hydrogen hybrid to ensure sufficient power

² Split in A- and B-segment LDVs (small cars) and C+-segment LDVs (medium to large cars) based on a 30% market share of A/B-segment cars and a 50% less energy demand

Sources: Toyota, Hyundai, Daimler, H2 Council

Vehicles - Total Cost of Ownership

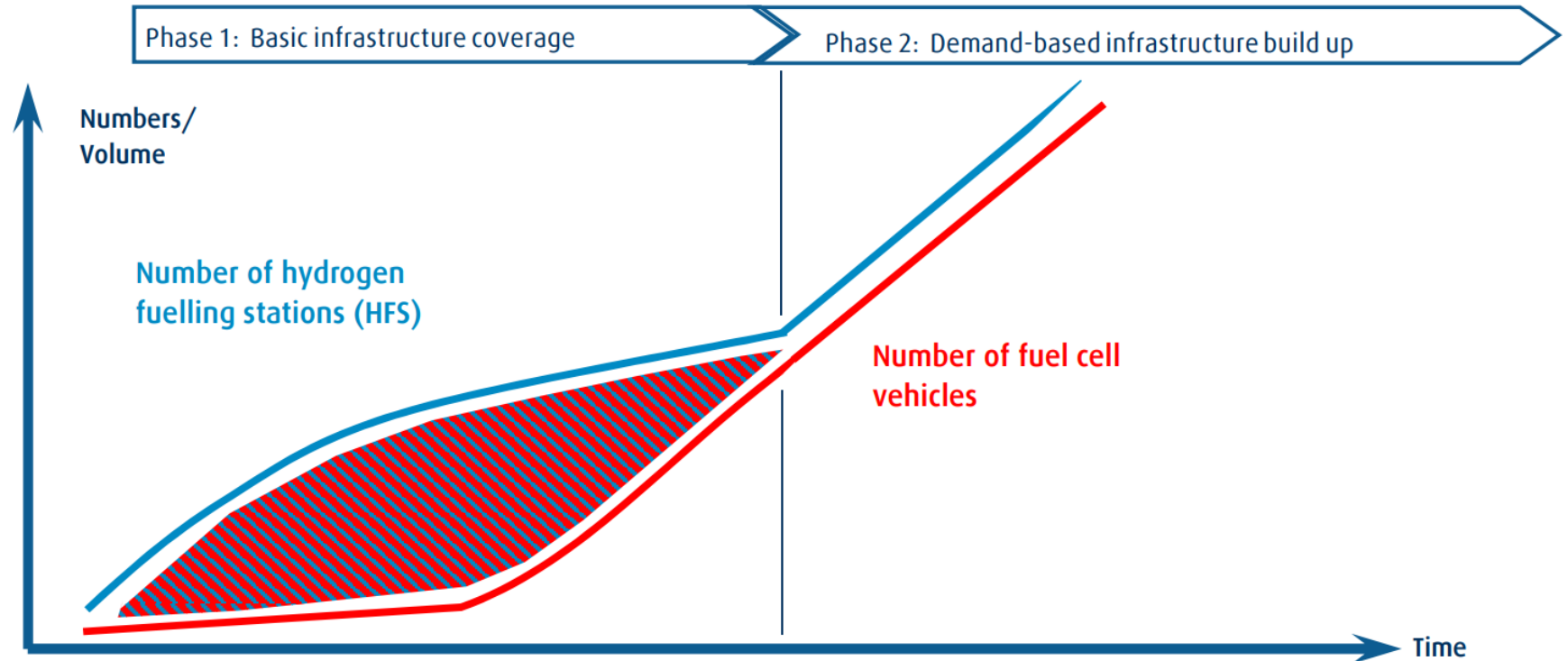


Lux Research 2017

Fuel Cell Vehicles Need to Reach \$30,000 Price and \$3/kg Hydrogen to Match Hybrid Ownership

Deployment Challenge of Hydrogen Stations

Challenge



- PPP involving governments, car manufacturers and the energy suppliers
- ZEV mandate
- Grants and subsidies

Examples of Deployment in Selected Regions



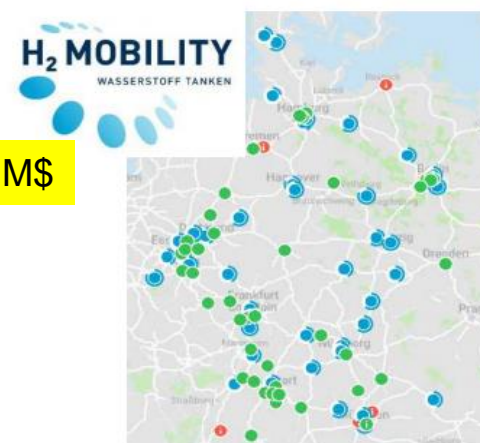
2.8 M\$

- **HRS:** 100+ (today); 160 (2020)
- **FCEV:** 3,000 (today); 40,000 (2020)
- **Support:**
Capex funding for HRS,
2.5 – 3.3 mio JPY bonus per car
purchased



2-3.5 M\$

- **HRS:** 30 (today); 65 (2020)
- **FCEV:** 5,000 (today); 18,500 (2020)
- **Support:**
Capex funding for HRS,
ZEV mandates,
LCFS credits



1.2-1.8 M\$

- **HRS:** 50 (today); 100+ (2020)
- **FCEV:** 400 (today); 1,000 (2020)
- **Support:**
Capex & Opex funding for HRS,
500k JPY bonus per car purchased

Linde 2018

China Roadmap

| | | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Hydrogen Infrastructure | Hydrogen Station | ≤ 100 | ≤ 300 | ≤ 1,000 |
| | Hydrogen Delivery | High pressure hydrogen storage and transportation | Cryogenic liquid hydrogen delivery | High-density organic liquid hydrogen storage and delivery at normal pressure |

Ballard 2018

H₂ Valorization in Mobility: Other Applications

Alstom - Coradia iLint



Buses by Solaris, Ballard, Daimler...

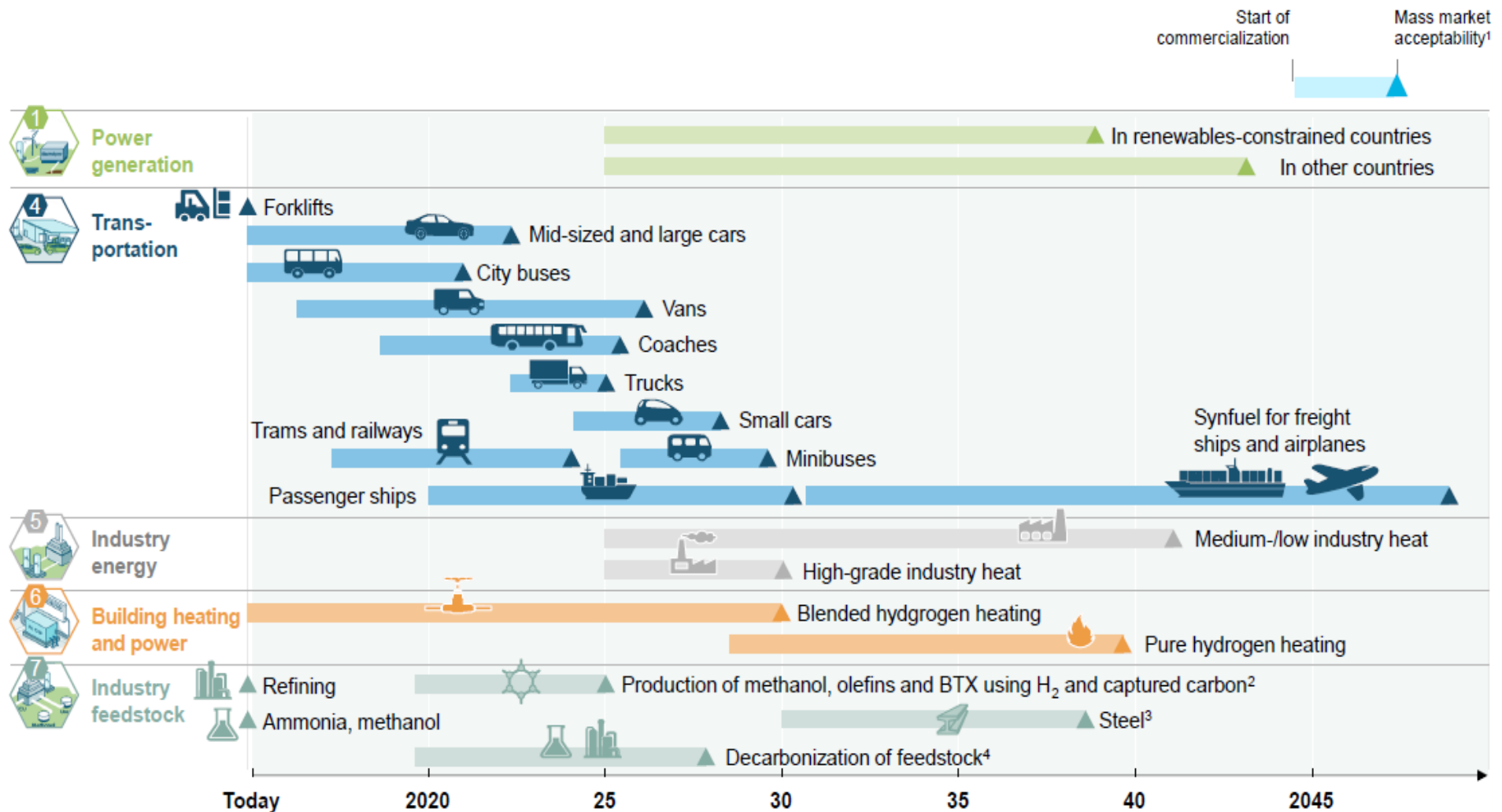


Nikola - 800 semi trucks ordered
by Anheuser-Busch



Pipistrel/Hydrogenics/DLR/Ulm Univ

H₂ Technology Timeline



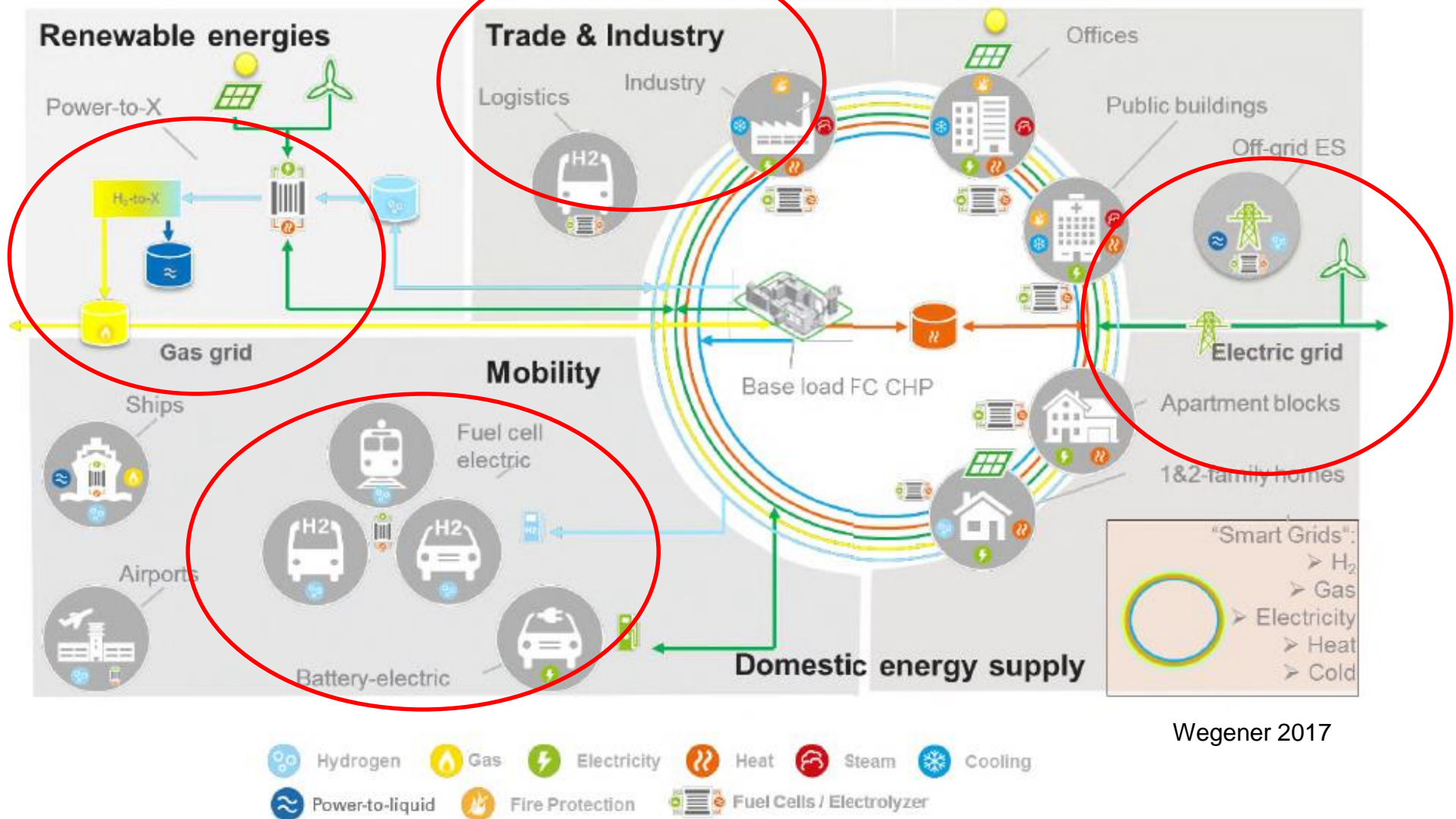
¹ Mass market acceptability defined as sales >1% within segment in priority markets

³ DRI with green H₂, iron reduction in blast furnaces and other low-carbon steel making processes using H₂

² Market share refers to the amount of production that uses hydrogen and captured carbon to replace feedstock

⁴ Market share refers to the amount of feedstock that is produced from low-carbon sources

A Vision of the Future Energy System



Wegener 2017

H₂, NG and electricity carriers
Integration of power and gas grids

Activity Highlights in Canada

Industry

- Ballard (one of the pioneers - FC technology)



Mireo Siemens train

- Hydrogenics (PEM electrolyzers and HRS)



Academia

- Univ British Columbia (Clean E Research Center with H₂ station)
- UQ Trois-Rivières (H₂ solid storage)
- Univ Sherbrooke (Biomass)
- Polytechnique Montreal:
 - MCH catalysis
 - Direct use of clean power in chemical processes (microwave)
 - Green E cluster (being discussed with governments and industry)